

TPS6282x, 2-, 3-, 4-A Step-Down Converter with 1% Output Accuracy in 1.5-mm x 1.5-mm QFN Package

1 Features

- DCS-Control Topology
- 1% Feedback or Output Voltage Accuracy (full temperature range)
- Up to 97% Efficiency
- 26mΩ and 25mΩ Internal Power MOSFETs
- 2.4-V to 5.5-V Input Voltage Range
- 4-μA Operating Quiescent Current
- 2.2-MHz Switching Frequency
- Adjustable Output Voltage from 0.6 V to 4V
- Power Save Mode for Light Load Efficiency
- 100% Duty Cycle for Lowest Dropout
- Active Output Discharge
- Power Good Output
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Hiccup Short-Circuit Protection
- Create a Custom Design Using the TPS6282x With the [WEBENCH® Power Designer](#)

2 Applications

- Solid State Drive
- Portable Electronics
- Video Surveillance
- Industrial PC
- Multi Function Printers
- Generic Point of Loads

3 Description

The TPS6282x is an ease-to-use synchronous step-down DC-DC converters family with a very low quiescent current of only 4 μA. Based on the DCS-Control topology, it provides a fast transient response. The internal reference allows to regulate the output voltage down to 0.6 V with a high feedback voltage accuracy of 1% over the junction temperature range of –40°C to 125°C. The whole pin-to-pin and BOM-to-BOM compatible device family can be used with a small 470-nH inductor to deliver a scalable 2-A to 4-A power supply solution.

The TPS6282x includes an automatically entered power save mode to maintain high efficiency down to very light loads for extending the system battery runtime. The device features a Power Good signal and an internal soft start circuit. It is able to operate in 100% mode. For fault protection, it incorporates a HICCUP short circuit protection as well as a thermal shutdown. The device is available in a 6-pin 1.5 x 1.5-mm QFN package, offering the highest power density solution.

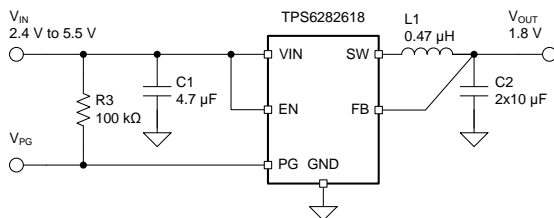
Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS62825x	6-Pin VSON-HR	1.5 mm x 1.5 mm
TPS62826x		
TPS62827x ⁽²⁾		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

(2) Preview.

Typical Application Schematic



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TPS62826 Efficiency at VIN = 5 V

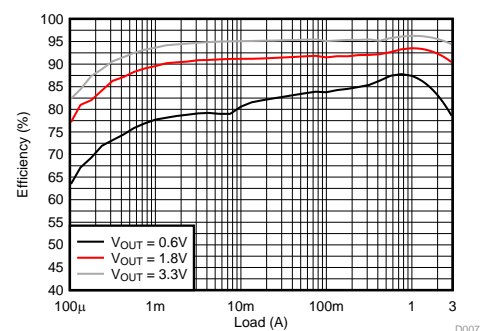


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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (May 2018) to Revision B	Page
• Updated output current range in Description section for the device family.....	1
• Added Preview device TPS62827	1
• Added TPS62827DMQ part number.	3
• Added the input voltage range of TPS62827	4
• Added the output current range of TPS62827.	4

Changes from Original (March 2018) to Revision A	Page
• Deleted Advance Information banner.....	1

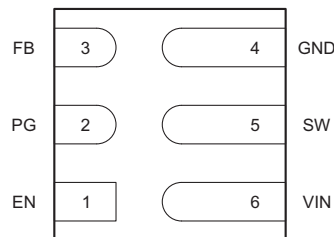
5 Device Options

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	OUTPUT CURRENT
TPS62825DMQ	Adjustable	2 A
TPS6282518DMQ	1.8 V	
TPS62826DMQ	Adjustable	3 A
TPS6282618DMQ	1.8 V	
TPS62827DMQ ⁽¹⁾	Adjustable	4 A

(1) Preview

6 Pin Configuration and Functions

**DMQ Package
6-Pin VSON-HR
Bottom View**



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
EN	1	I	Device enable pin. To enable the device, this pin needs to be pulled high. Pulling this pin low disables the device. Do not leave floating.
PG	2	O	Power good open drain output pin. The pull-up resistor can be connected to voltages up to 5.5 V. If unused, leave it floating.
FB	3	I	Feedback pin. For the fixed output voltage versions, this pin must be connected to the output.
GND	4		Ground pin.
SW	5	PWR	Switch pin of the power stage.
VIN	6	PWR	Input voltage pin.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage at Pins ⁽²⁾	VIN, FB, EN, PG	-0.3	6	V
	SW (DC)	-0.3	V _{IN} + 0.3	
	SW (DC, in current limit)	-1.0	V _{IN} + 0.3	
	SW (AC, less than 10ns) ⁽³⁾	-2.5	10	
Temperature	Operating Junction, T _J	-40	150	°C
	Storage, T _{stg}	-65	150	

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) While switching

7.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500
			V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range, TPS62825x and TPS62826x	2.4		5.5	V
	Input voltage range, TPS62827x ⁽¹⁾	2.5		5.5	
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range	0.6		4.0	V
I _{OUT}	Output current range, TPS62825x	0		2	A
	Output current range, TPS62826x	0		3	
	Output current range, TPS62827x ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	0		4	
I _{SINK_PG}	Sink current at PG pin			1	mA
V _{PG}	Pull-up resistor voltage			5.5	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	−40		125	°C

(1) Preview.

(2) Lifetime is reduced when operating continuously at I_{OUT} = 4 A and the junction temperature > 100 °C.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS6282x, DMQ (6) - JEDEC	TPS62826EVM-794	UNIT
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	129.5	71.4	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	103.9	n/a ⁽²⁾	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	33.1	n/a ⁽²⁾	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.8	3.9	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	33.1	38.6	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

(2) Not applicable to an EVM.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

T_J = −40 °C to 125 °C, and V_{IN} = 2.4 V to 5.5 V. Typical values are at T_J = 25 °C and V_{IN} = 5 V, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY						
I _Q	Quiescent current	EN = High, no load, device not switching		4	10	μA
I _{SD}	Shutdown current	EN = Low, T _J = −40 °C to 85 °C		0.05	0.5	μA
V _{UVLO}	Under voltage lock out threshold	V _{IN} falling	2.1	2.2	2.3	V
	Under voltage lock out hysteresis	V _{IN} rising		160		mV
T _{JSD}	Thermal shutdown threshold	T _J rising		150		°C
	Thermal shutdown hysteresis	T _J falling		20		°C
LOGIC INTERFACE EN						
V _{IH}	High-level threshold voltage				1.0	V
V _{IL}	Low-level threshold voltage		0.4			V
I _{EN,LKG}	Input leakage current into EN pin	EN = High		0.01	0.1	μA

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$T_J = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, and $V_{IN} = 2.4\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V . Typical values are at $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SOFT START, POWER GOOD						
t_{SS}	Soft start time	Time from EN high to 95% of V_{OUT} nominal		1.25		ms
V_{PG}	Power good lower threshold	V_{PG} rising, V_{FB} referenced to V_{FB} nominal	94	96	98	%
		V_{PG} falling, V_{FB} referenced to V_{FB} nominal	90	92	94	%
	Power good upper threshold	V_{PG} rising, V_{FB} referenced to V_{FB} nominal	103	105	107	%
		V_{PG} falling, V_{FB} referenced to V_{FB} nominal	108	110	112	%
$V_{PG,OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$I_{sink} = 1\text{ mA}$		0.4		V
$I_{PG,LKG}$	Input leakage current into PG pin	$V_{PG} = 5.0\text{ V}$		0.01	0.1	μA
$t_{PG,DLY}$	Power good deglitch delay	PG rising edge		100		μs
		PG falling edge		20		
OUTPUT						
V_{OUT}	Output voltage accuracy	TPS6282x18, PWM mode	1.78	1.8	1.82	V
V_{FB}	Feedback regulation voltage	PWM mode	594	600	606	mV
$I_{FB,LKG}$	Feedback input leakage current	$V_{FB} = 0.6\text{ V}$		0.01	0.05	μA
I_{DIS}	Output discharge current	$V_{SW} = 0.4\text{ V}$; EN = LOW	75	400		mA
	Load regulation	$I_{OUT} = 0.5\text{ A}$ to 3 A , $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$		0.1		%/A
POWER SWITCH						
$R_{DS(on)}$	High-side FET on-resistance			26		m Ω
	Low-side FET on-resistance			25		m Ω
I_{LIM}	High-side FET switch current limit, DC	TPS62825	2.7	3.3	3.9	A
		TPS62826	3.7	4.3	5.0	A
		TPS62827 ⁽¹⁾	4.8	5.6	6.4	A
f_{SW}	PWM switching frequency	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ A}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$		2.2		MHz

(1) Preview

7.6 Typical Characteristics

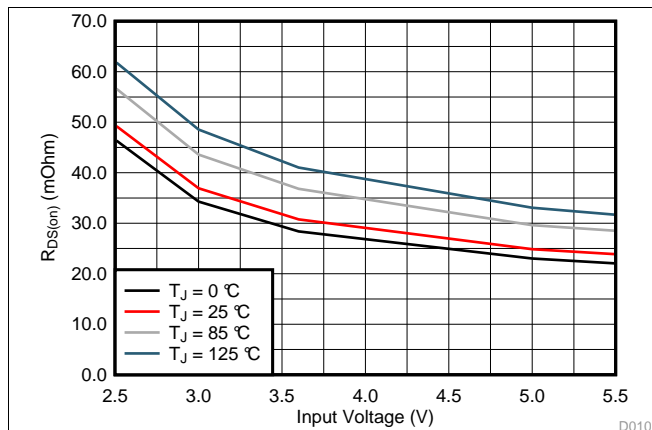


Figure 1. High-Side FET On-Resistance

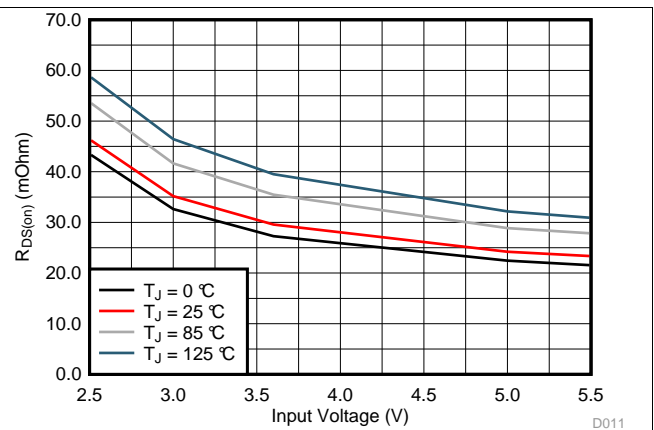
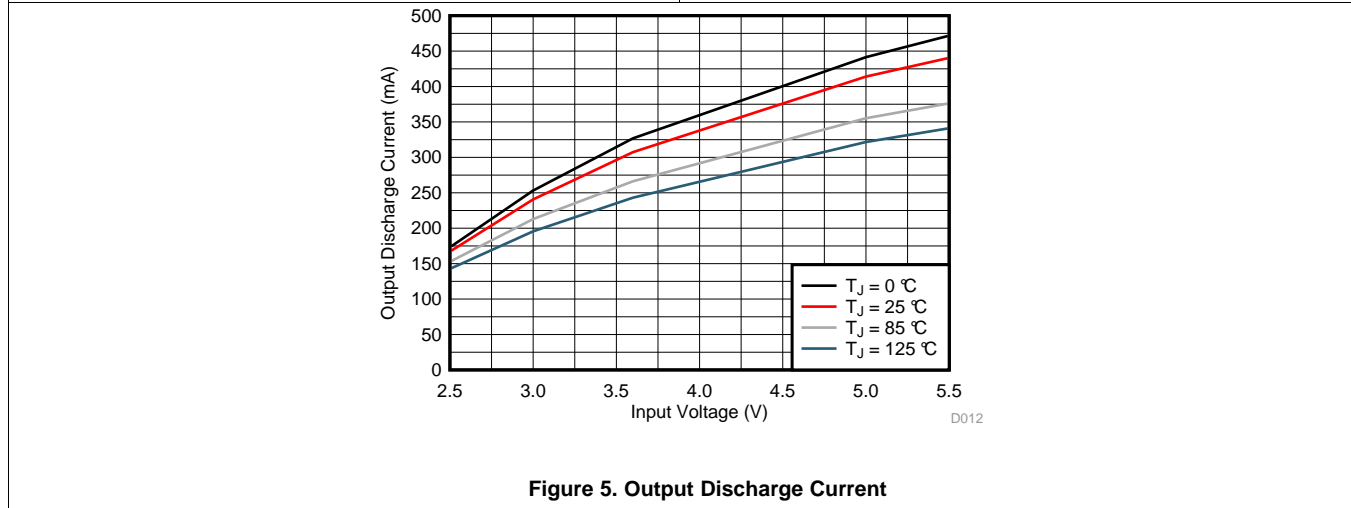
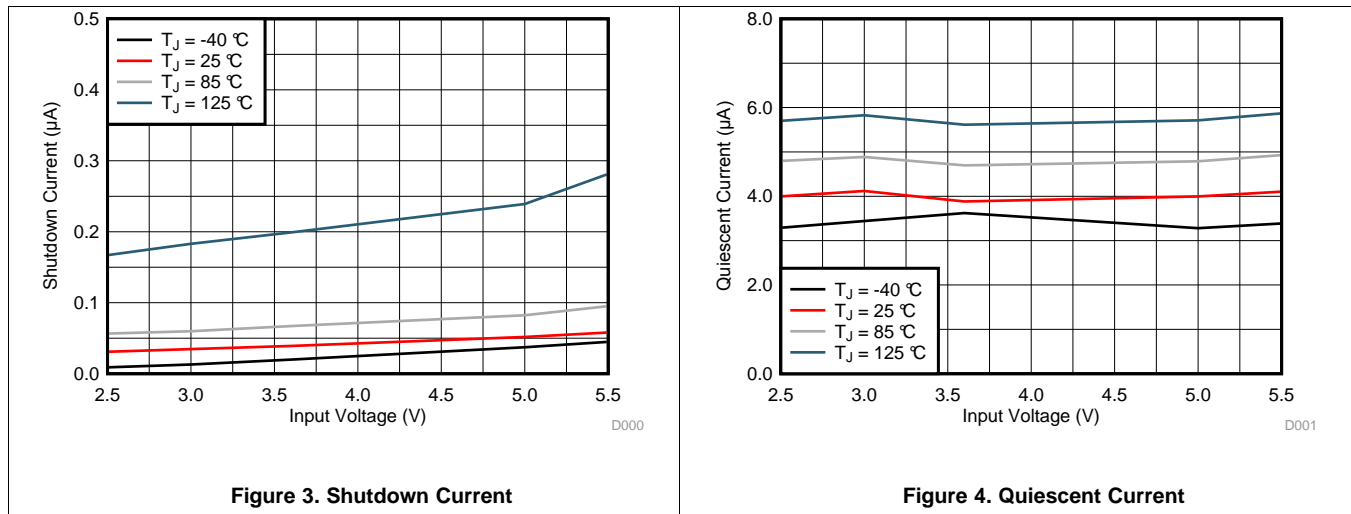


Figure 2. Low-Side FET On-Resistance

Typical Characteristics (continued)

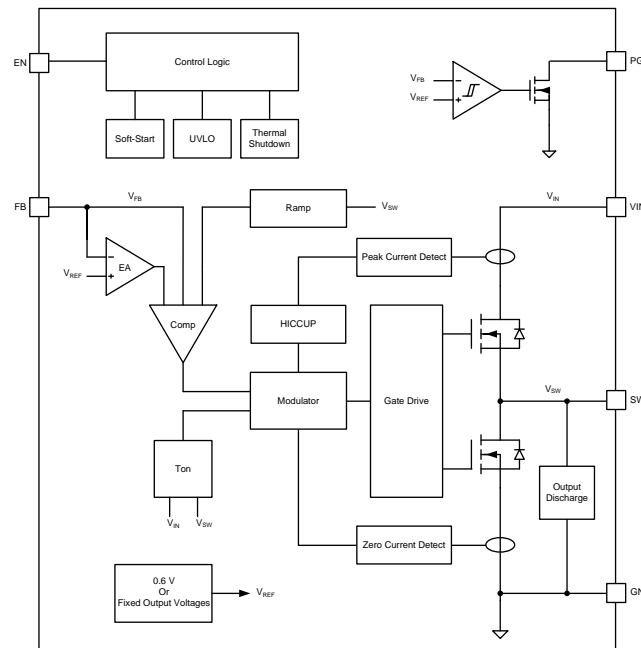


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TPS6282x are synchronous step-down converters based on the DCS-Control topology with an adaptive constant on-time control and a stabilized switching frequency. It operates in PWM (pulse width modulation) mode for medium to heavy loads and in PSM (power save mode) at light load conditions, keeping the output voltage ripple small. The nominal switching frequency is about 2.2MHz with a small and controlled variation over the input voltage range. As the load current decreases, the converter enters PSM, reducing the switching frequency to keep efficiency high over the entire load current range. Since combining both PWM and PSM within a single building block, the transition between modes is seamless and without effect on the output voltage. The devices offer both excellent dc voltage and fast load transient regulation, combined with a very low output voltage ripple.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Operation

At load currents larger than half the inductor ripple current, the device operates in pulse width modulation in continuous conduction mode (CCM). The PWM operation is based on an adaptive constant on-time control with stabilized switching frequency. To achieve a stable switching frequency in a steady state condition, the on-time is calculated as:

$$T_{ON} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot 450ns \quad (1)$$

8.3.2 Power Save Mode (PSM) Operation

To maintain high efficiency at light loads, the device enters power save mode (PSM) at the boundary to discontinuous conduction mode (DCM). This happens when the output current becomes smaller than half of the inductor's ripple current. The device operates now with a fixed on-time and the switching frequency further decreases proportional to the load current. It can be calculated as:

Feature Description (continued)

$$f_{PSM} = \frac{2 \cdot I_{OUT}}{T_{ON}^2 \cdot \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \left[\frac{V_{IN} - V_{OUT}}{L} \right]} \quad (2)$$

In PSM, the output voltage rises slightly above the nominal target, which can be minimized using larger output capacitance. At duty cycles larger than 90%, the device may not enter PSM. The device maintains output regulation in PWM mode.

8.3.3 Minimum Duty Cycle and 100% Mode Operation

There is no limitation for small duty cycles, since even at very low duty cycles the switching frequency is reduced as needed to always ensure a proper regulation.

If the output voltage level comes close to the input voltage, the device enters 100% mode. While the high-side switch is constantly turned on, the low-side switch is switched off. The difference between V_{IN} and V_{OUT} is determined by the voltage drop across the high-side FET and the dc resistance of the inductor. The minimum V_{IN} that is needed to maintain a specific V_{OUT} value is estimated as:

$$V_{IN,MIN} = V_{OUT} + I_{OUT,MAX} \times (R_{DS(on)} + R_L)$$

where

- $V_{IN,MIN}$ = Minimum input voltage to maintain an output voltage
- $I_{OUT,MAX}$ = Maximum output current
- $R_{DS(on)}$ = High-side FET ON-resistance
- R_L = Inductor ohmic resistance (DCR) (3)

8.3.4 Soft Start

About 250 μ s after EN goes High, the internal soft-start circuitry controls the output voltage during startup. This avoids excessive inrush current and ensures a controlled output voltage rise time of about 1ms. It also prevents unwanted voltage drops from high-impedance power sources or batteries. TPS6282x can start into a pre-biased output.

8.3.5 Switch Current Limit and HICCUP Short-Circuit Protection

The switch current limit prevents the device from drawing excessive current in case of externally caused over current or short circuit condition. Due to an internal propagation delay (typically 60 ns), the actual ac peak current can exceed the static current limit during that time.

If the current limit threshold is reached, the device delivers its maximum output current. Detecting this condition for 32 switching cycles (about 13 μ s), the device turns off the high-side MOSFET for about 100 μ s which allows the inductor current to decrease through the low-side MOSFET's body diode and then restarts again with a soft start cycle. As long as the overload condition is present, the device hiccups that way, limiting the output power.

8.3.6 Undervoltage Lockout

The undervoltage lockout (UVLO) function prevents misoperation of the device, if the input voltage drops below the UVLO threshold. It is set to about 2.2V with a hysteresis of typically 160mV.

8.3.7 Thermal Shutdown

The junction temperature (T_J) of the device is monitored by an internal temperature sensor. If T_J exceeds 150°C (typ.), the device goes in thermal shutdown with a hysteresis of typically 20°C. Once the T_J has decreased enough, the device resumes normal operation.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Enable, Disable and Output Discharge

The device starts operation, when Enable (EN) is set High. The input threshold levels are typically 0.9V for rising and 0.7V for falling signals. Do not leave EN floating. Shutdown is forced if EN is pulled Low with a shutdown current of typically 50nA. During shutdown, the internal power MOSFETs as well as the entire control circuitry are turned off and the output voltage is actively discharged through the SW pin by a current sink. Therefore VIN must remain present for the discharge to function.

8.4.2 Power Good

The TPS6282x has a built in power good (PG) function. The PG pin goes high impedance, when the output voltage has reached its nominal value. Otherwise, including when disabled, in UVLO or in thermal shutdown, PG is Low (see [Table 1](#)). The PG function is formed with a window comparator, which has an upper and lower voltage threshold. The PG pin is an open-drain output and is specified to sink up to 1 mA. The power good output requires a pull-up resistor connecting to any voltage rail less than 5.5 V.

The PG signal can be used for sequencing of multiple rails by connecting it to the EN pin of other converters. Leave the PG pin unconnected when not used. The PG rising edge has a 100- μ s blanking time and the PG falling edge has a deglitch delay of 20 μ s.

Table 1. PG Pin Logic

DEVICE CONDITIONS		LOGIC STATUS	
		HIGH Z	LOW
Enable	EN = High, $V_{FB} \geq 0.576$ V	√	
	EN = High, $V_{FB} \leq 0.552$ V		√
	EN = High, $V_{FB} \leq 0.63$ V	√	
	EN = High, $V_{FB} \geq 0.66$ V		√
Shutdown	EN = Low		√
Thermal Shutdown	$T_J > T_{JSD}$		√
UVLO	0.7 V < V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}		√
Power Supply Removal	$V_{IN} < 0.7$ V	√	

9 Application and Implementation

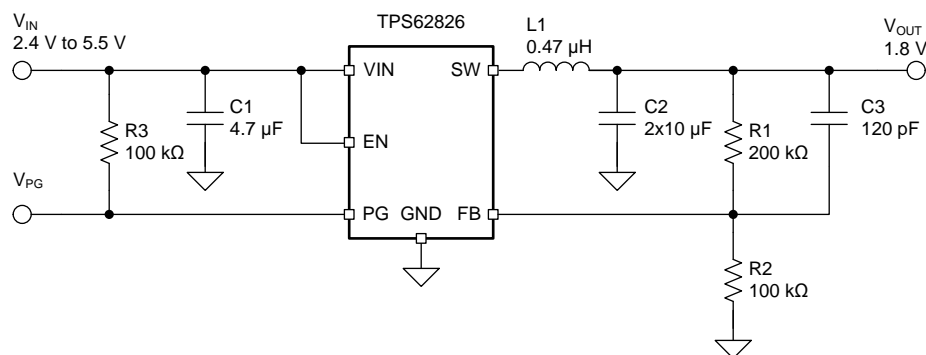
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

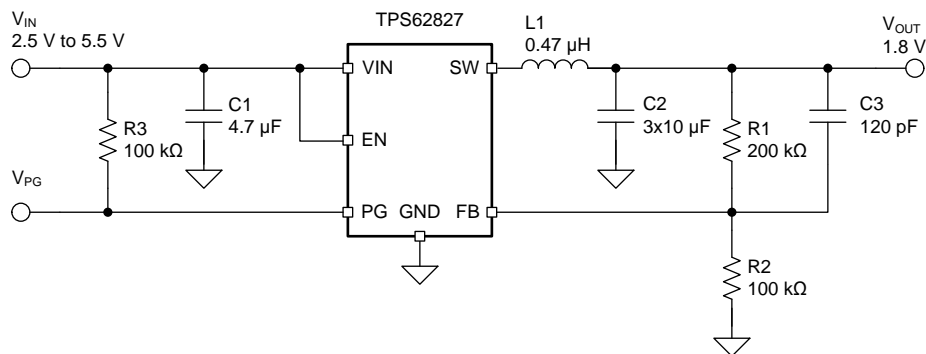
The following section discusses the design of the external components to complete the power supply design for several input and output voltage options by using typical applications as a reference.

9.2 Typical Application



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Figure 6. Typical Application of TPS62826



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Figure 7. Typical Application of TPS62827⁽¹⁾

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2 as the input parameters.

Table 2. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage, TPS62826	2.4 V to 5.5 V
Input voltage, TPS62827 ⁽¹⁾	2.5 V to 5.5 V
Output voltage	1.8 V

(1) Preview

Typical Application (continued)

Table 2. Design Parameters (continued)

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Output ripple voltage	<20 mV
Maximum output current, TPS62826	3 A
Maximum output current, TPS62827 ⁽¹⁾	4 A

Table 3 lists the components used for the example.

Table 3. List of Components

REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER
C1	4.7 μF, Ceramic capacitor, 6.3 V, X7R, size 0603, JMK107BB7475MA	Taiyo Yuden
C2, TPS62826	2 x 10 μF, Ceramic capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0603, GRM188Z71A106MA73D	Murata
C2, TPS62827 ⁽¹⁾	3 x 10 μF, Ceramic capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0603, GRM188Z71A106MA73D	Murata
C3	120 pF, Ceramic capacitor, 50 V, size 0402	Std
L1	0.47 μH, Power Inductor, XFL4015-471MEB	Coilcraft
R1	Depending on the output voltage, 1%, size 0402	Std
R2	100 kΩ, Chip resistor, 1/16 W, 1%, size 0402	Std
R3	100 kΩ, Chip resistor, 1/16 W, 1%, size 0402	Std

(1) Preview

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

9.2.2.1 Custom Design With WEBENCH® Tools

[Click here](#) to create a custom design using the TPS6282x device with the WEBENCH® Power Designer.

1. Start by entering the input voltage (V_{IN}), output voltage (V_{OUT}), and output current (I_{OUT}) requirements.
2. Optimize the design for key parameters such as efficiency, footprint, and cost using the optimizer dial.
3. Compare the generated design with other possible solutions from Texas Instruments.

The WEBENCH Power Designer provides a customized schematic along with a list of materials with real-time pricing and component availability.

In most cases, these actions are available:

- Run electrical simulations to see important waveforms and circuit performance
- Run thermal simulations to understand board thermal performance
- Export customized schematic and layout into popular CAD formats
- Print PDF reports for the design, and share the design with colleagues

Get more information about WEBENCH tools at www.ti.com/WEBENCH.

9.2.2.2 Setting The Output Voltage

The output voltage is set by an external resistor divider according to [Equation 4](#):

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) = 0.6V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (4)$$

R2 must not be higher than 100 kΩ to achieve high efficiency at light load while providing acceptable noise sensitivity. [Equation 5](#) shows how to compute the value of the feed forward capacitor for a given R2 value. For the recommended 100k value for R2, a 120 pF feedforward capacitor is used.

$$C4 = \frac{12 \mu}{R2} \quad (5)$$

For the fixed output voltage versions, connect the FB pin to the output. R1, R2 and C3 are not needed. The fixed output voltage devices have an internal feed forward capacitor.

9.2.2.3 Output Filter Design

The inductor and the output capacitor together provide a low-pass filter. To simplify this process, [Table 4](#) outlines possible inductor and capacitor value combinations for most applications. Checked cells represent combinations that are proven for stability by simulation and lab test. Further combinations should be checked for each individual application.

Table 4. Matrix of Output Capacitor and Inductor Combinations, TPS62825/6

NOMINAL L [μ H] ⁽¹⁾	NOMINAL C _{OUT} [μ F] ⁽²⁾			
	10	2 x 10	47	100
0.33				
0.47	+	+ ⁽³⁾	+	
1.0				

- (1) Inductor tolerance and current derating is anticipated. The effective inductance can vary by 20% and –30%.
 (2) Capacitance tolerance and bias voltage derating is anticipated. The effective capacitance can vary by 20% and –50%.
 (3) This LC combination is the standard value and recommended for most applications.

Table 5. Matrix of Output Capacitor and Inductor Combinations, TPS62827

NOMINAL L [μ H] ⁽¹⁾	NOMINAL C _{OUT} [μ F] ⁽²⁾			
	22	3 x 10	47	100
0.33				
0.47	+	+ ⁽³⁾	+	
1.0				

- (1) Inductor tolerance and current derating is anticipated. The effective inductance can vary by 20% and –30%.
 (2) Capacitance tolerance and bias voltage derating is anticipated. The effective capacitance can vary by 20% and –50%.
 (3) This LC combination is the standard value and recommended for most applications.

9.2.2.4 Inductor Selection

The main parameter for the inductor selection is the inductor value and then the saturation current of the inductor. To calculate the maximum inductor current under static load conditions, [Equation 6](#) is given.

$$I_{L,MAX} = I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

$$\Delta I_L = V_{OUT} \times \frac{1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}}{L \times f_{SW}}$$

where

- $I_{OUT,MAX}$ = Maximum output current
- ΔI_L = Inductor current ripple
- f_{SW} = Switching frequency
- L = Inductor value

(6)

It is recommended to choose a saturation current for the inductor that is approximately 20% to 30% higher than $I_{L,MAX}$. In addition, DC resistance and size should also be taken into account when selecting an appropriate inductor. [Table 6](#) lists recommended inductors.

Table 6. List of Recommended Inductors

Inductance [μH]	Current Rating [A]	Dimensions [L x W x H mm]	MAX. DC Resistance [mΩ]	Mfr Part Number ⁽¹⁾
0.47	4.8	2.0 x 1.6 x 1.0	32	HTEN20161T-R47MDR, Cyntec
	4.6	2.0 x 1.2 x 1.0	25	HTEH20121T-R47MSR, Cyntec
	4.8	2.0 x 1.6 x 1.0	32	DFE201610E - R47M, MuRata
	4.8	2.0 x 1.6 x 1.0	32	DFE201210S - R47M, MuRata
	5.1	2.0 x 1.6 x 1.0	34	TFM201610ALM-R47MTAA, TDK
	5.2	2.0 x 1.6 x 1.0	25	TFM201610ALC-R47MTAA, TDK
	6.6	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.6	8.36	XFL4015-471ME, Coilcraft
	6.8	4.5 x 4 x 1.8	11.2	WE-LHMI-744373240047, Würth

(1) See [Third-party Products Disclaimer](#)

9.2.2.5 Capacitor Selection

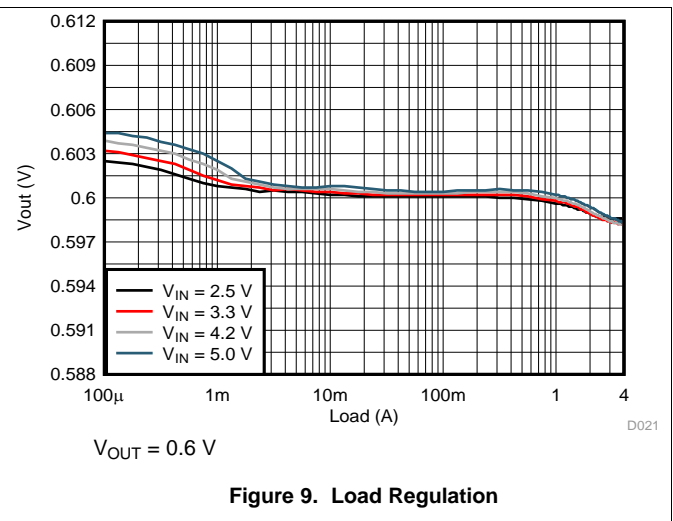
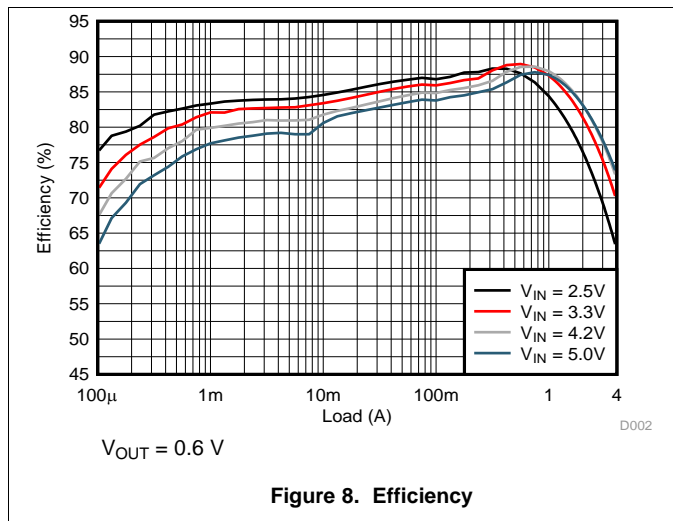
The input capacitor is the low-impedance energy source for the converters which helps to provide stable operation. A low ESR multilayer ceramic capacitor is recommended for best filtering and must be placed between VIN and GND as close as possible to those pins. For most applications, 4.7 μF is sufficient, though a larger value reduces input current ripple.

The architecture of the device allows the use of tiny ceramic output capacitors with low equivalent series resistance (ESR). These capacitors provide low output voltage ripple and are recommended. To keep its low resistance up to high frequencies and to get narrow capacitance variation with temperature, TI recommends using X7R or X5R dielectrics. The recommended typical output capacitor value is 2 x 10 μF for TPS62825/6, 3 x 10 μF for TPS62827; this capacitance can vary over a wide range as outline in the output filter selection table.

A feed forward capacitor is required for the adjustable version, as described in [Setting The Output Voltage](#). This capacitor is not required for the fixed output voltage versions.

9.2.3 Application Curves

V_{IN} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 1.8 V, T_A = 25 °C, BOM = [Table 3](#), unless otherwise noted.



$V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, BOM = [Table 3](#), unless otherwise noted.

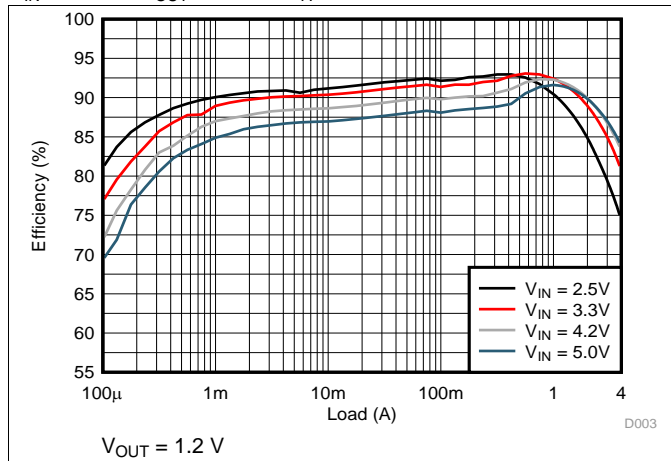


Figure 10. Efficiency

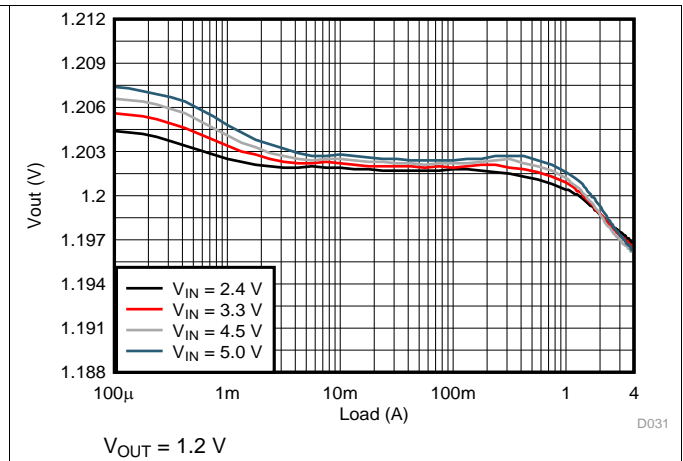


Figure 11. Load Regulation

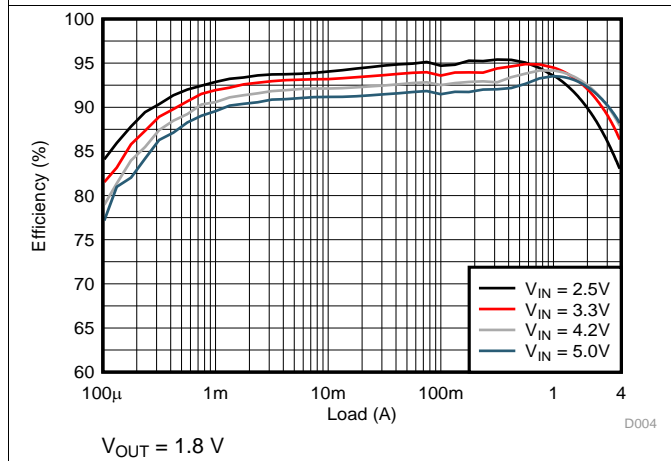


Figure 12. Efficiency

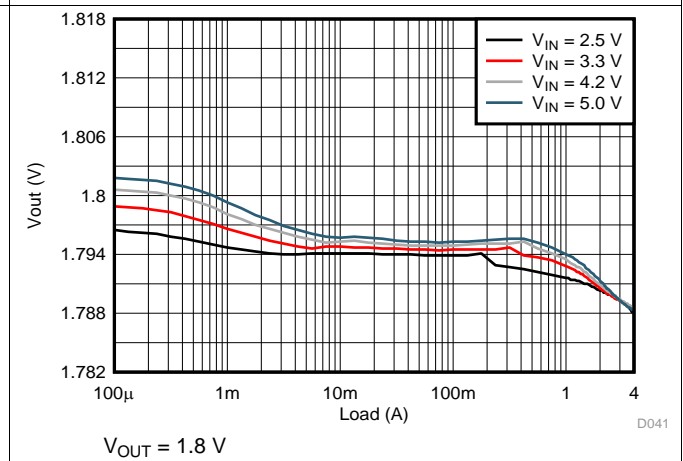


Figure 13. Load Regulation

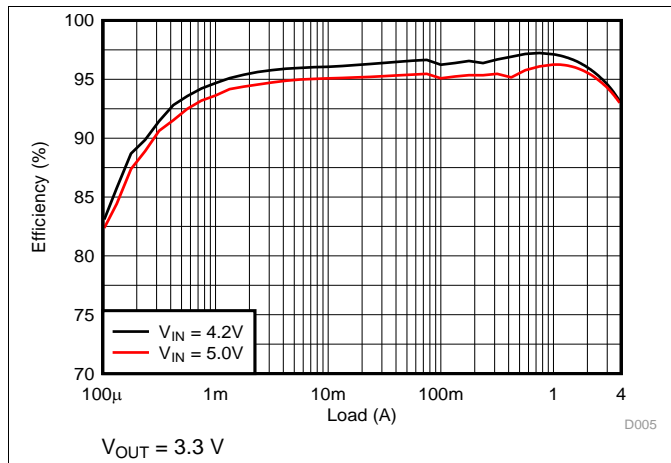


Figure 14. Efficiency

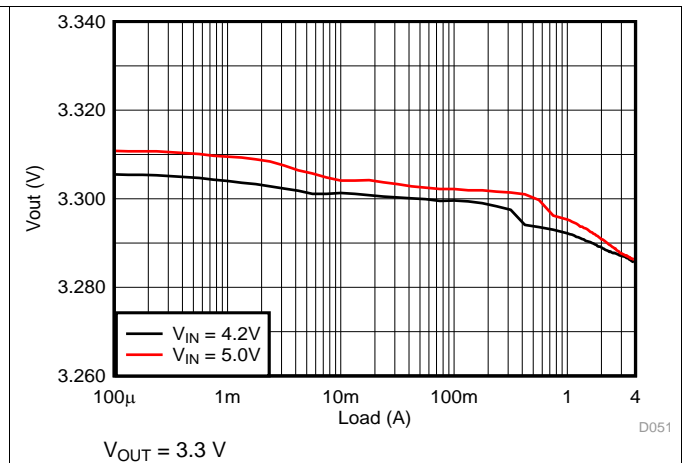


Figure 15. Load Regulation

$V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, BOM = [Table 3](#), unless otherwise noted.

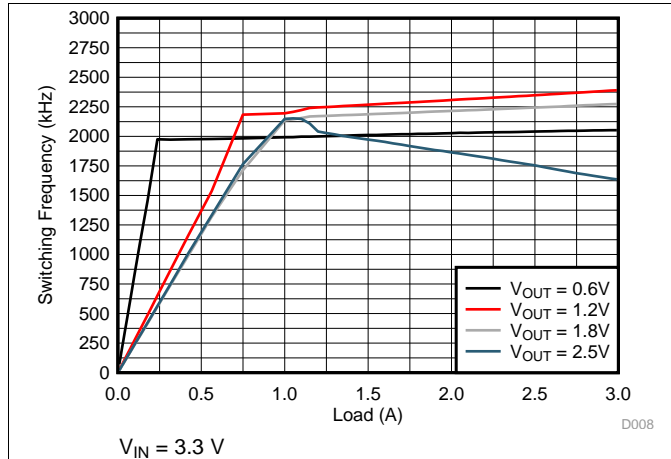


Figure 16. Switching Frequency

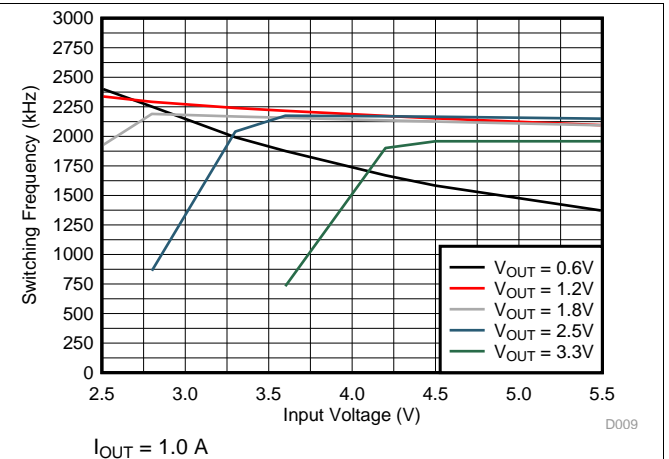


Figure 17. Switching Frequency

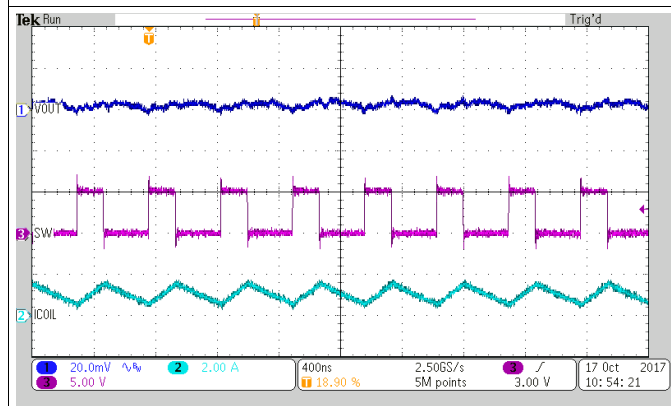


Figure 18. PWM Operation

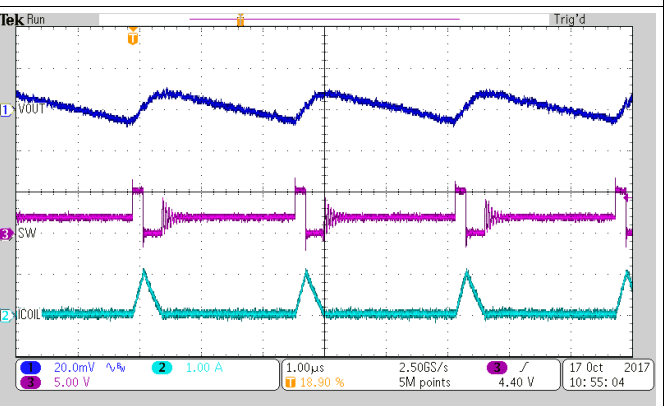


Figure 19. PSM Operation

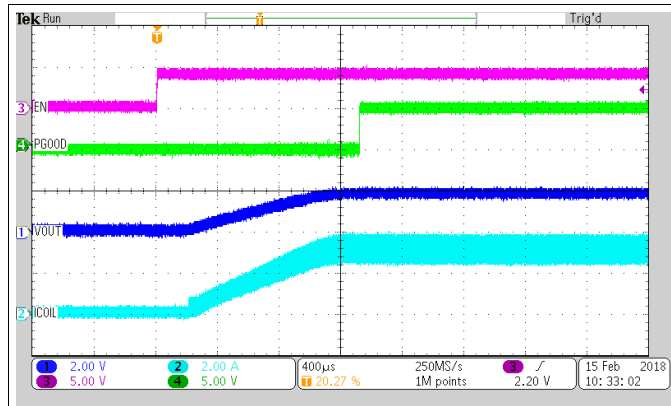


Figure 20. Startup with Load

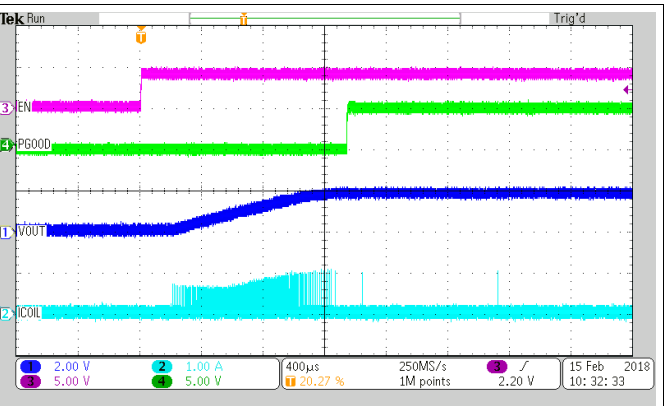
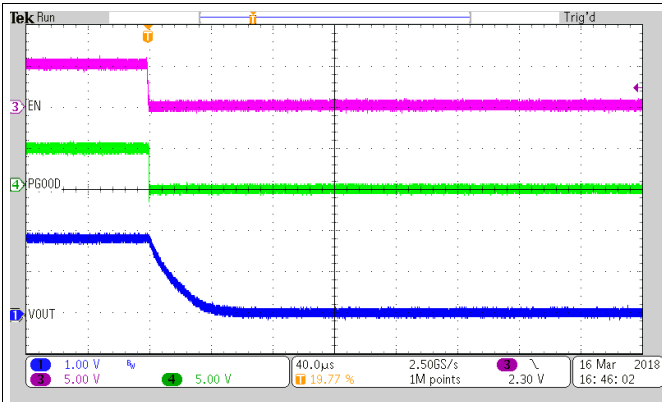


Figure 21. Startup with No Load

$V_{IN} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, BOM = [Table 3](#), unless otherwise noted.



Load = 1.8 Ω

Figure 22. Disable, Active Output Discharge

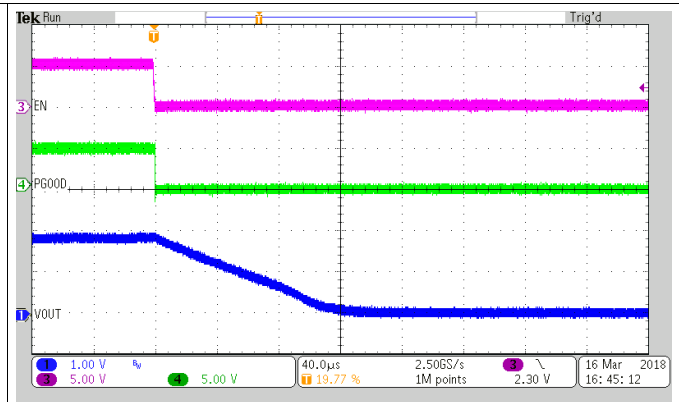
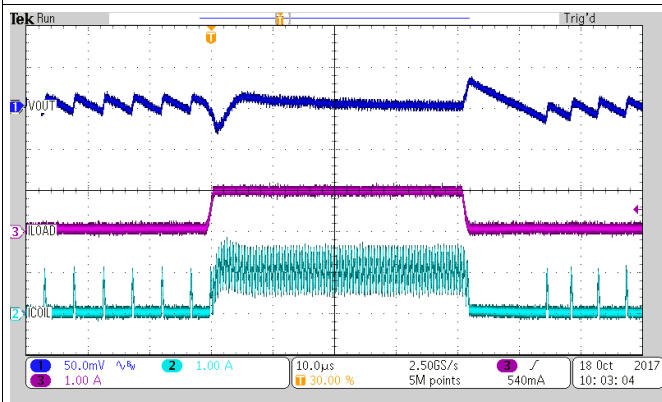
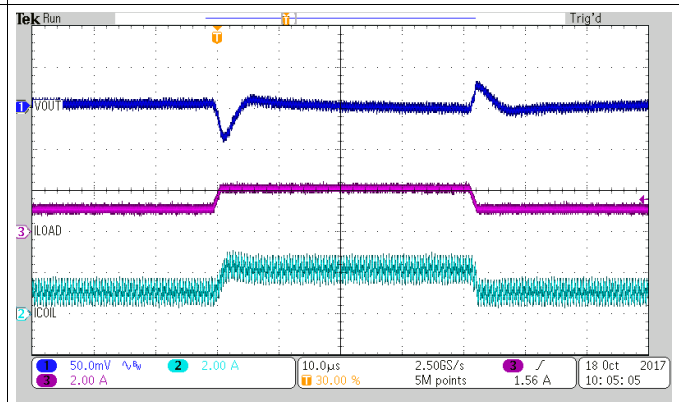


Figure 23. Disable, Active Output Discharge at No Load



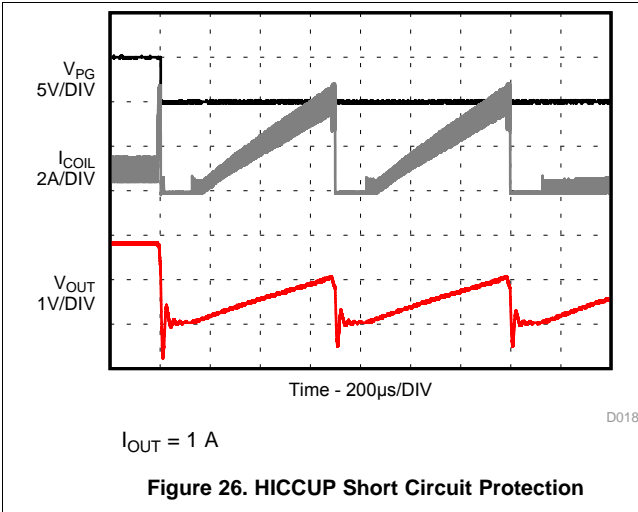
$I_{OUT} = 0.05\text{ A to }1\text{ A}$

Figure 24. Load Transient



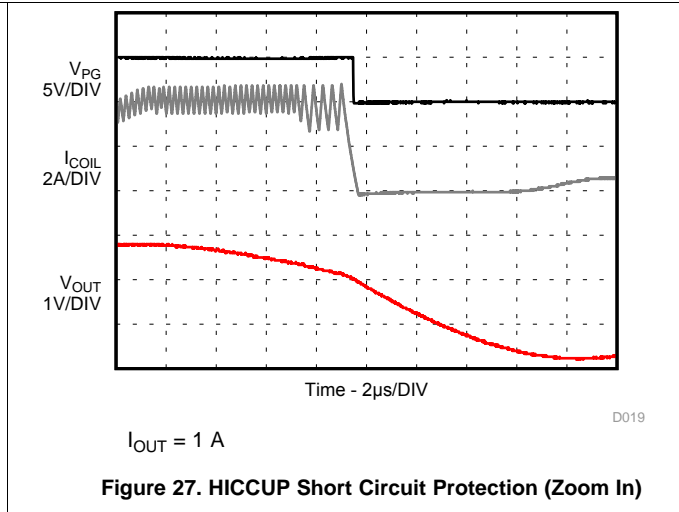
$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ A to }2\text{ A}$

Figure 25. Load Transient



$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ A}$

Figure 26. HICCUP Short Circuit Protection



$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ A}$

Figure 27. HICCUP Short Circuit Protection (Zoom In)

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Device Support

12.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

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12.1.2 Development Support

12.1.2.1 Custom Design With WEBENCH® Tools

[Click here](#) to create a custom design using the TPS6282x device with the WEBENCH® Power Designer.

1. Start by entering the input voltage (V_{IN}), output voltage (V_{OUT}), and output current (I_{OUT}) requirements.
2. Optimize the design for key parameters such as efficiency, footprint, and cost using the optimizer dial.
3. Compare the generated design with other possible solutions from Texas Instruments.

The WEBENCH Power Designer provides a customized schematic along with a list of materials with real-time pricing and component availability.

In most cases, these actions are available:

- Run electrical simulations to see important waveforms and circuit performance
- Run thermal simulations to understand board thermal performance
- Export customized schematic and layout into popular CAD formats
- Print PDF reports for the design, and share the design with colleagues

Get more information about WEBENCH tools at www.ti.com/WEBENCH.

12.2 Documentation Support

12.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- *Thermal Characteristics Application Note*, [SZZA017](#)
- *Thermal Characteristics Application Note*, [SPRA953](#)

12.3 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to order now.

Table 7. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	ORDER NOW	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS62825	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS62826	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS62827 ⁽¹⁾	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

(1) Preview

12.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

WEBENCH is a registered trademark of Texas Instruments.

12.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.7 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS6282518DMQR	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CJ	Samples
TPS6282518DMQT	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CJ	Samples
TPS62825DMQR	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CI	Samples
TPS62825DMQT	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CI	Samples
TPS6282618DMQR	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CK	Samples
TPS6282618DMQT	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CK	Samples
TPS62826DMQR	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CL	Samples
TPS62826DMQT	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CL	Samples
TPS62827DMQR	PREVIEW	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		
TPS62827DMQT	PREVIEW	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		
XPS62827DMQT	ACTIVE	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

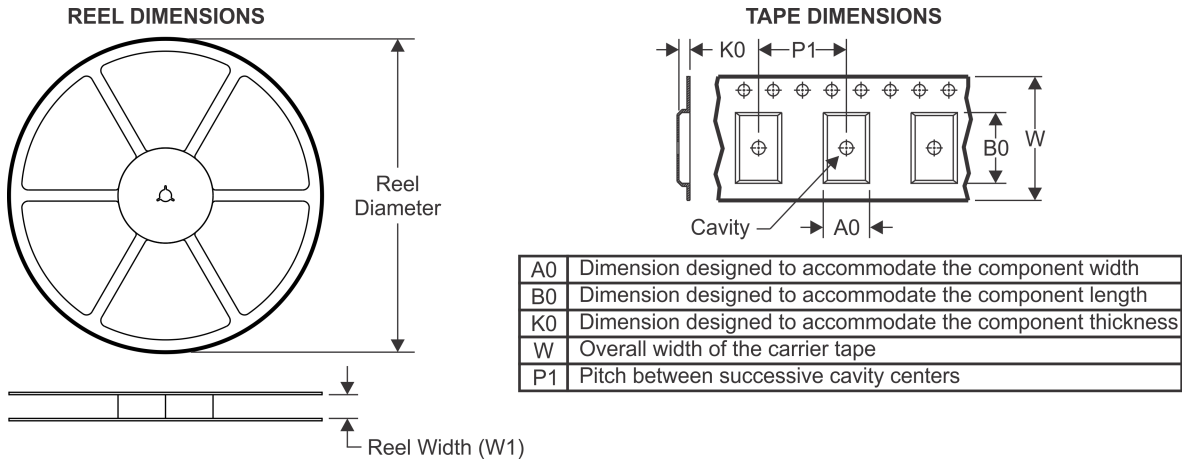
(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

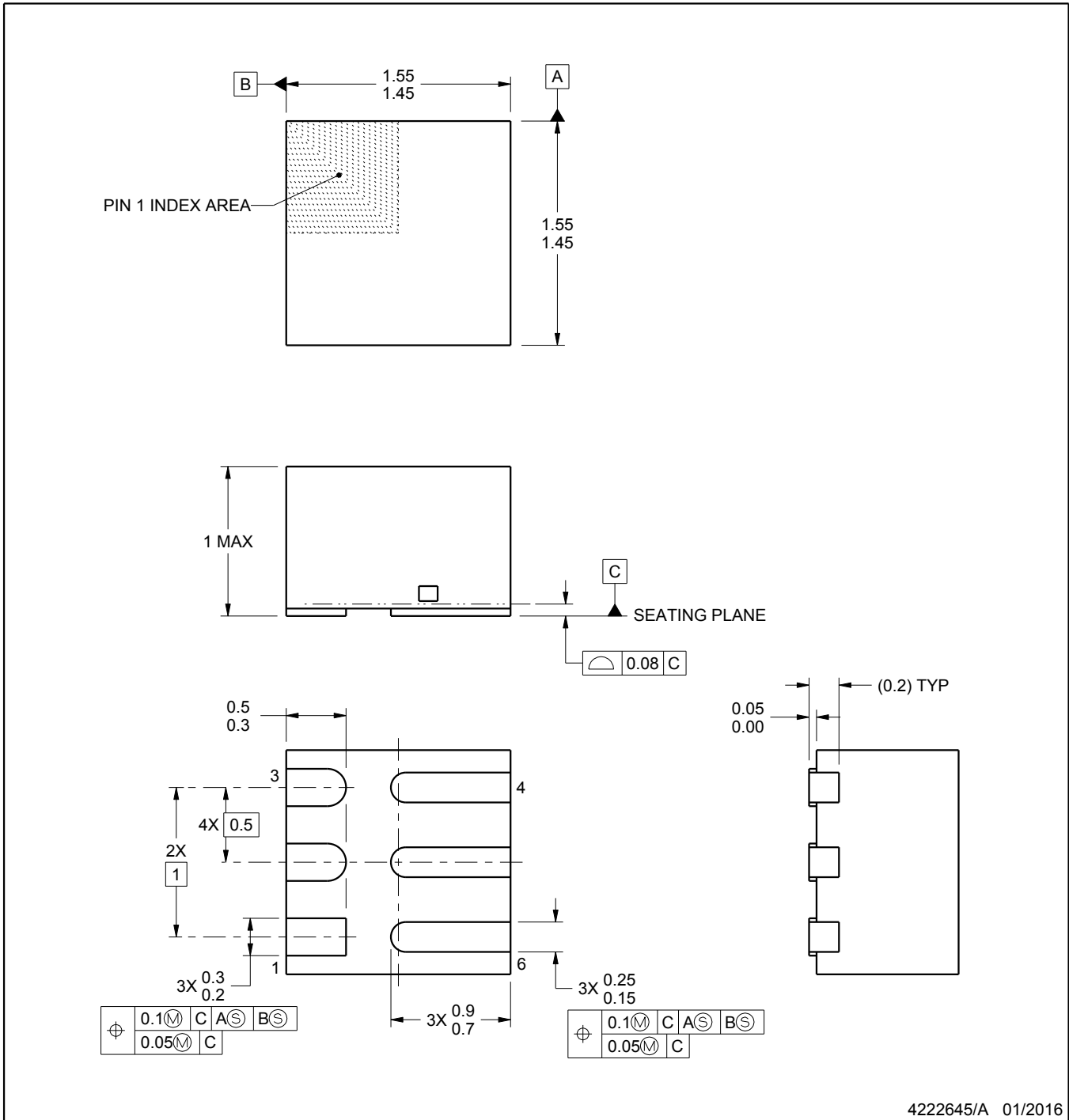

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS6282518DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS6282518DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS62825DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS62825DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS6282618DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS6282618DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS62826DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS62826DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS6282518DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS6282518DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS62825DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS62825DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS6282618DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS6282618DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS62826DMQR	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS62826DMQT	VSON-HR	DMQ	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0



NOTES:

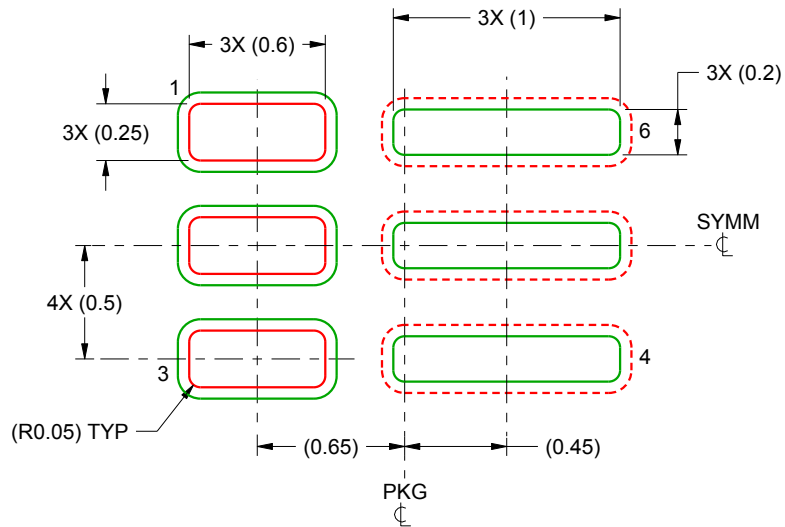
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

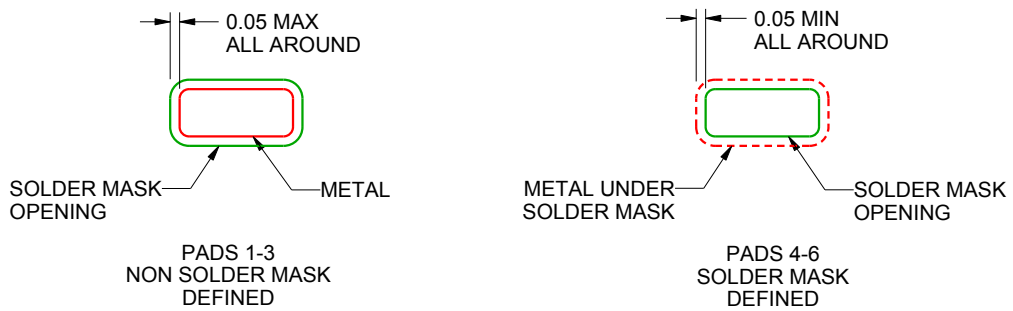
DMQ0006A

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:30X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4222645/A 01/2016

NOTES: (continued)

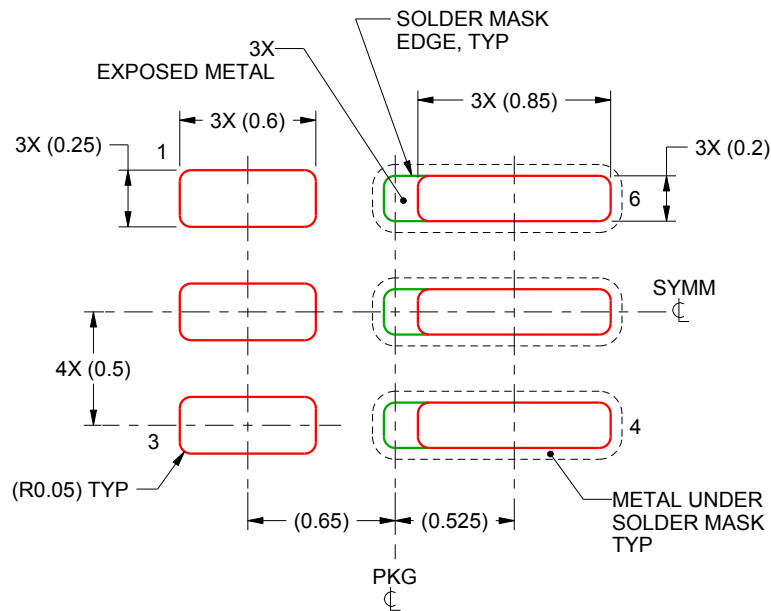
3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DMQ0006A

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

PADS 4, 5 & 6:
81% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE
SCALE:30X

4222645/A 01/2016

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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